## 24V 35W 1 Phase / PMT-24V35W1AX



#### **Highlights & Features**

- Universal AC input range
- Allows input voltage from 90Vac to 264Vac without power de-rating
- Versatile connector options (Terminal Block, Front Face, Harness)
- MTBF > 200,000 hrs.
- Overvoltage / Overcurrent / Over Temperature Protections
- Reliable economical solution with high temperature range E-Cap

#### **Safety Standards**







CB Certified for worldwide use

**Model Number:** PMT-24V35W1AX

**Unit Weight:** 0.22 kg

**Dimensions (L x W x D):** 98 x 98 x 37.5 mm

#### **General Description**

The new PMT series of panel mount power supplies is the latest offering from one of the world's largest power supply manufacturers and solution providers - Delta. The first range of PMT products will offer a nominal output voltage of 24V with a wide operating temperature range from -10°C to +70°C and can withstand shock and vibration requirements (in accordance to IEC60068-2-27 and IEC60068-2-6 respectively). In addition to features like overvoltage and overload protections, Delta's PMT series of panel mount power supplies is unlike many other brands in the same price level. The PMT series is designed for cost competitive markets without compromising the quality of the components and product specifications. The series of products has an expected life time of 10 years and will have no output power de-rating from 90Vac to 264Vac. This versatile series has three different connector options (Terminal Block, Front Face and Harness) and can also be converted into L Frame (PML) or Open Frame (PMB) type of power supplies to satisfy different application needs.

#### **Model Information**

#### **PMT Panel Mount Power Supply**

Model Number	Input Voltage Range	Output Voltage	Output Current
PMT-24V35W1A <u>X</u>	85-264Vac	24Vdc	1.46A

#### **Model Numbering**

PM	X –	24V	35W	1	Α	X
Panel Mount	Product Type T - Enclosed L - L Frame* B - Open Frame*	Output Voltage	Output Power	Single Phase	No PFC Series	Connector Type A – Terminal Block G – Front Face* H – Harness*

<sup>\*</sup>Options



# **PMT Panel Mount Power Supply** 24V 35W 1 Phase / PMT-24V35W1AX

### **Specifications**

### Input Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Input Voltage	100-240Vac	
Input Voltage Range	85-264Vac	
Nominal Input Frequency	50-60Hz	
Input Frequency Range	47-63Hz	
Input Current	< 0.75A @ 115Vac, < 0.50A @ 230Vac	
Efficiency at 100% Load	> 85.0% @ 115Vac & 230Vac	
Max Inrush Current	< 30A @ 115Vac, < 60A @ 230Vac	
Power Factor	Conform to EN61000-3-2	
Leakage Current	< 1mA @ 240Vac	

### Output Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Output Voltage	24Vdc	
Output Voltage Tolerance	± 2% (initial set point tolerance from factory)	
Output Voltage Adjustment Range	22-28Vdc	
Output Current	1.46A	
Output Power	35W	
Line Regulation	< 0.5% typ. (@ 85-264Vac input, 100% input)	
Load Regulation	< 1% typ. (@ 85-264Vac input, 0-100% input)	
PARD (20MHz)	< 100mVpp @ 0°C to 50°C, < 150mVpp @ -10°C to 0°C	
Rise Time	< 30ms @ nominal input (100% load)	
Start-up Time	< 2500ms @ nominal input (100% load)	
Hold-up Time	> 16.7ms @ 115Vac	
Dynamic Response (Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage)	± 5% @ 0-100% load (Slew Rate: 0.1A/µS)	
Start-up with Capacitive Loads	8,000µF Max	

#### Mechanical

Case Chassis	Aluminium
Case Cover	SGCC
Dimensions (L x W x D)	98 x 98 x 37.5 mm
Unit Weight	0.22 kg
Indicator	Green LED (DC OK)
Cooling System	Convection
Terminal	Refer to the Table on Page 7
Wire Refer to the Table on Page 7	



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#### Environment

Surrounding Air Temperature	Operating	-10°C to +70°C
	Storage	-25°C to +85°C
Power De-rating		> 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C
Operating Humidity		< 95% RH (Non-Condensing)
Operating Altitude		5,000 Meters
Shock Test (Non-Operating)		IEC60068-2-27, 50G for a duration of 11ms, 3 times per direction, 18 times in total
Vibration (Non-Operating)		IEC60068-2-6, 10Hz to 55Hz @ 50m/S² (5G peak); 90 min per axis for all X, Y, Z direction
Pollution Degree		2

#### **Protections**

Overvoltage	< 32V, ±10%, SELV Output, Hicc-up Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)
Overload / Overcurrent	> 120% of rated load current, Hicc-up Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)
Over Temperature	Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)
Short Circuit	Hicc-up Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed)
Protection Against Shock	Class I with PE* connection

<sup>\*</sup>PE: Primary Earth

### Reliability Data

MTBF	> 200,000 hrs.
Expected Cap Life Time	10 years (115Vac & 230Vac, 50% load @ 40°C)

### Safety Standards / Directives

Electrical Safety		TUV Bauart to EN60950-1, UL/cUL recognized to UL60950-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1, CB scheme to IEC60950-1, CCC to GB4943
ITE		IEC/EN/UL 60950-1
CE		In conformance with EMC Directive 2004/108/EC and Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC
Material and Parts		RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU Compliant
Galvanic Isolation	Input to Output	3.0KVac
	Input to Ground	1.5KVac
	Output to Ground	0.5KVac



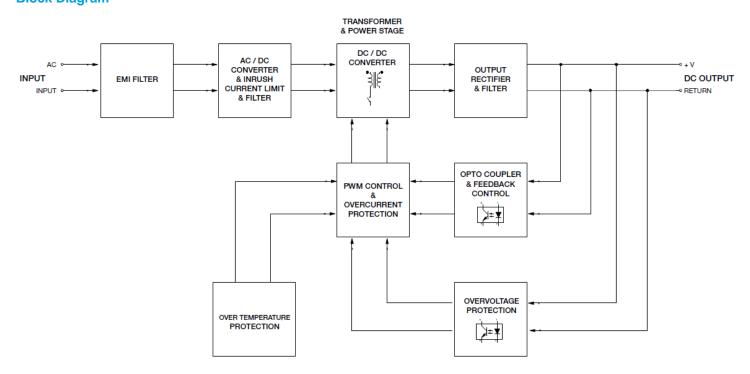
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#### **EMC**

EMC / Emissions		CISPR22, EN55022, FCC Title 47: Class B	
Immunity to			
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC61000-4-2	Level 4 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> Air Discharge: 15kV Contact Discharge: 8kV	
Radiated Field	IEC61000-4-3	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 80MHz-1GHz, 10V/M with 1kHz tone / 80% modulation	
Electrical Fast Transient / Burst	IEC61000-4-4	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 2kV	
Surge	IEC61000-4-5	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> Common Mode <sup>2)</sup> : 2kV Differential Mode <sup>3)</sup> : 1kV	
Conducted	IEC61000-4-6	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 150kHz-80MHz, 10Vrms	
Power Frequency Magnetic Fields	IEC61000-4-8	Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 10A/Meter	
Voltage Dips	IEC61000-4-11	100% dip; 1 cycle (20ms); Self Recoverable	
Low Energy Pulse Test (Ring Wave)	IEC61000-4-12	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> Common Mode <sup>2)</sup> : 2kV Differential Mode <sup>3)</sup> : 1kV	

- 1) Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits
- Asymmetrical: Common mode (Line to earth)
   Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)

## **Block Diagram**

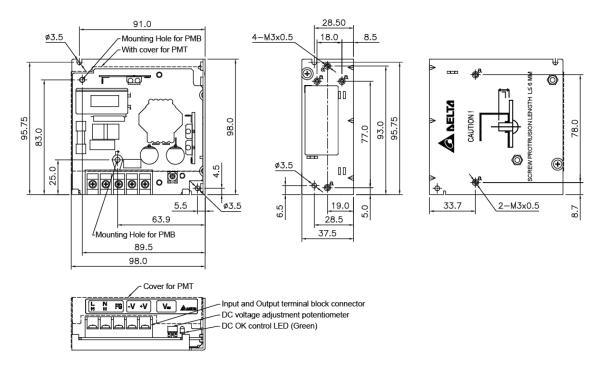




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#### **Dimensions**

L x W x D: 98 x 98 x 37.5 mm



#### **Engineering Data**

#### De-rating

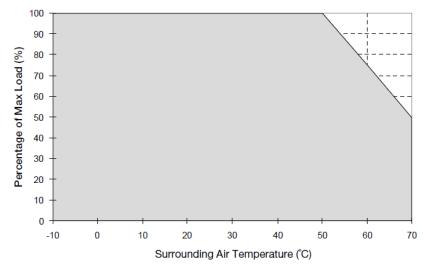


Fig. 1 De-rating for Vertical and Horizontal Mounting Orientation > 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C

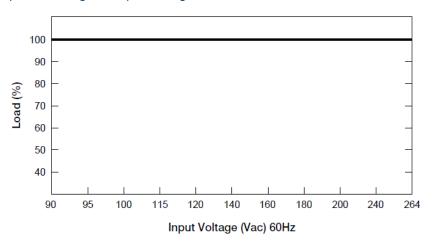
#### Note

- Power supply components may degrade, or be damaged, when the power supply is continuously used outside the shaded region, refer to the graph shown in Fig. 1.
- 2. If the output capacity is not reduced when the surrounding air temperature >50°C, the device will run into Over Temperature Protection. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode and will recover when the surrounding air temperature is lowered or the load is reduced as far as necessary to keep the device in working condition.
- In order for the device to function in the manner intended, it is also necessary to keep a safety distance of 20mm with adjacent units while the device is in operation.
- 4. Depending on the surrounding air temperature and output load delivered by the power supply, the device can be very hot!
- If the device has to be mounted in any other orientation, please do not hesitate to contact info@deltapsu.com for more details.



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#### Output De-rating VS. Input Voltage

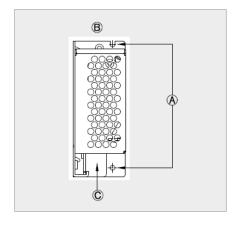


No output power de-rating for the input voltage from 90Vac to 264Vac

#### **Assembly & Installation**

Mounting holes for power supply assembly onto the mounting surface.

- (A) The power supply shall be mounted on minimum 2 mounting holes using M3 screw minimum 5 mm length.
- B This surface belongs to customer's end system or panel where the power supply is mounted.
- © Connector



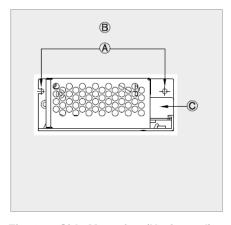
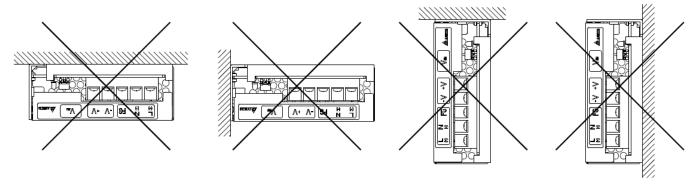


Fig. 2.1 Side Mounting (Vertical)

Fig. 2.2 Base Mounting (Vertical)

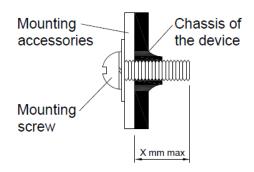
Fig. 2.3 Side Mounting (Horizontal)

#### Improper Installations





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■ Only use M3 screw ≤ X mm through the base mounting holes (Refer to the Screw Protrusion Length in the table below). This is to keep a safe distance between the screw and internal components.

#### Connection & Screw Protrusion Data

Product Group	Item	Connector Options		
PMT		A – Terminal Block	G – Front Face*	H – Harness*
	AWG	22-12	22-12	22-18
	Torque	13Kgf.cm	13Kgf.cm	_
	Input Connector	_	_	B3P5-VH(LF)(SN)
	Output Connector	_	_	B2P3-VH(LF)(SN)
	Input Mating Connector	_	_	VHR-5N
	Output Mating	_	_	VHR-3N
	Input & Output Terminal	_	_	SVH-21T-P1.1
	Screw Protrusion Length	5mm (6mm Max)	5mm (6mm Max)	5mm (6mm Max)
PML*	AWG	22-12	22-12	22-18
	Torque	13Kgf.cm	13Kgf.cm	_
	Input Connector	_	_	B3P5-VH(LF)(SN)
	Output Connector	_	_	B2P3-VH(LF)(SN)
	Input Mating Connector	_	_	VHR-5N
	Output Mating	_	_	VHR-3N
	Input & Output Terminal	_	_	SVH-21T-P1.1
	Screw Protrusion Length	5mm (6mm Max)	5mm (6mm Max)	5mm (6mm Max)
PMB*	AWG	22-12	22-12	22-18
	Torque	13Kgf.cm	13Kgf.cm	_
	Input Connector	_	_	B3P5-VH(LF)(SN)
	Output Connector	_	_	B2P3-VH(LF)(SN)
	Input Mating Connector	_	_	VHR-5N
	Output Mating	_	_	VHR-3N
	Input & Output Terminal	_	_	SVH-21T-P1.1
	Screw Protrusion Length	5mm	5mm	5mm

#### \*Options

- To ensure sufficient convection cooling, always maintain a safety distance of 20mm from all ventilated surfaces while the device is in operation.
- The device is not recommended to be placed on low thermal conductive surfaces, for example, plastics.
- Prevent any foreign metal, particles or conductors to enter the device through the openings during installation. It can cause: Electric shock; Safety Hazard; Fire; Product failure.



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#### **Functions**

#### Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage to reach 90% of its set value, after the input voltage is applied.

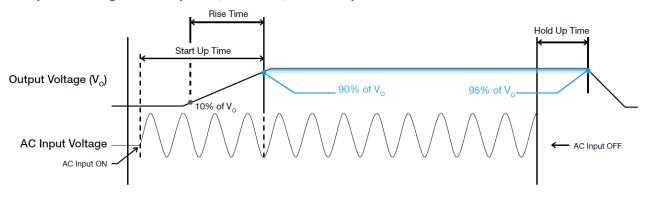
#### Rise Time

The time required for the output voltage to change from 10% to 90% of its set value.

#### Hold-up Time

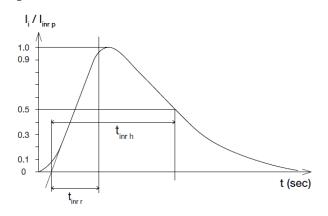
Hold up time is the time when the AC input collapses and output voltage retains regulation for a certain period of time. The time required for the output to reach 95% of its set value, after the input voltage is removed.

#### ■ Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time



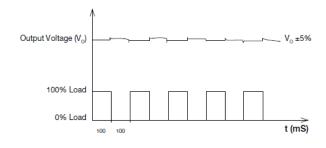
#### **Inrush Current**

Inrush current is the peak, instantaneous, input current measured and, occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



#### Dynamic Response

The power supply output voltage will remains within  $\pm 5\%$  of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load from 0 to 100% of its rated current.

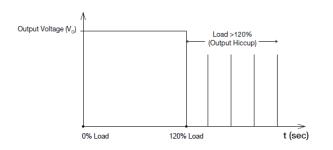




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#### Overload & Overcurrent Protections

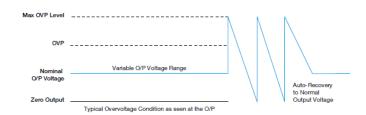
The power supply's Overload (OLP) and Overcurrent (OCP) Protections will be activated when output current exceeds 120% of  $I_O$  (Max load). In such occurrence, the  $V_O$  will start to droop and once the power supply has reached its maximum power limit, the protection is activated and the power supply will go into "Hiccup mode" (Auto-Recovery). The power supply will recover once the fault condition of the OLP and OCP is removed and  $I_O$  is back within the specifications.



Additionally, if the  $I_{\rm O}$  is <120% but >100% for a prolong period of time (depending on the load), the Over Temperature Protection (OTP) will be activated due to high temperature on critical components. The power supply will then go into "Hiccup mode" until the fault is removed.

#### Overvoltage Protection

The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The output voltage shall not exceed its specifications defined on Page 3 under "Protections".



#### **Over Temperature Protection**

As mentioned above, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). This is activated when the overload condition persists for an extended duration and the output current is below the overload trigger point but >100% load. In the event of a higher operating condition at 100% load, the power supply will run into OTP when the surrounding air temperature is >50°C. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode until the operating surrounding air temperature drops to 50°C or output capacity is reduced as recommended in the de-rating graph.

#### **Short Circuit Protection**

The power supply's output OLP/OCP function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the output current will operate in "Hiccup mode", as shown in the illustration in the OLP/OCP section on this page. The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.

#### **Operating Mode**

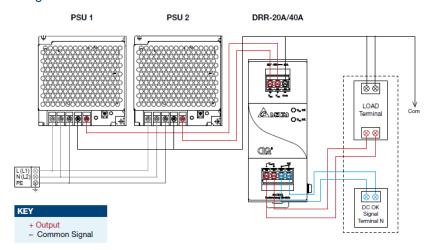


Fig. 3 Redundancy / Parallel Operation Connection Diagram

 $^*\mbox{V}_{\mbox{\scriptsize drop}}$  will vary from 0.60V to 0.90V (Typical 0.65V) depending on the load current and surrounding air temperature.

#### ■ Redundancy Operation

In order to ensure proper redundancy operation for the power supply unit (PSU), ensure that the output voltage difference between the two units is kept at 0.45~0.50V for 24V supplies. Follow simple steps given below to verify:

#### Step 1.

Measure output voltage of PSU 1 and PSU 2. If PSU 1 is the master unit, then  $V_{\rm O}$  of PSU 1 must be higher than PSU 2.

In order to set the output voltage, connect the power supply to 50% load and set the PSU 1 and PSU 2 output voltage.

#### Step 2.

Connect the right DRR module, 20A as per the system requirement to the power supply units PSU 1 and PSU 2 at  $V_{in}$  1 &  $V_{in}$  2 respectively.

#### Step 3.

Connect the system load from  $V_{out}$ . Please note that output voltage  $V_{out}$  from DRR module will be =  $V_{O}$  (output voltage of power supply) –  $V_{drop}^{*}$  (in DRR module).



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#### Parallel Operation

These DRR modules can also be used for Parallel function in order to increase the output power by N+1 (e.g. 2.5A + 2.5A = 5A or 2.5A + 2.5A = 7.5A) or current sharing, and thus increasing the power supply and system reliability. Though the DRP024V060W1AZ is not designed for current sharing, a good current sharing between two power supplies can be achieved by following simple steps as below (Refer to Fig. 3 for the Connection Diagram).

#### Step 1.

Set output load condition for both supplies at 50% and measure the output voltages.

#### Step 2.

Adjust output voltages to the same level or within ±25mV difference.

#### Step 3.

Connect PSU 1 and PSU 2 with the DRR-20A module and measure at  $V_{in}$  1 &  $V_{in}$  2 to verify the voltage difference. Ensure the voltages are within  $\pm 25 \text{mV}$ .

#### Step 4.

Output voltage from DRR module  $V_{out}$  will be =  $V_{O}$  (output voltage of power supply) –  $V_{drop}^*$  (in DRR module).

#### **Others**

#### **Delta RoHS Compliant**



#### Restriction of the usage of hazardous substances

The European directive 2011/65/EU limits the maximum impurity level of homogeneous materials such as lead, mercury, cadmium, chrome, polybrominated flame retardants PBB and PBDE for the use in electrical and electronic equipment. RoHS is the abbreviation for "Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment".

This product conforms to this standard.



<sup>\*</sup>V<sub>drop</sub> will vary from 0.60V to 0.90V (Typical 0.65V) depending on the load current and surrounding air temperature.