

# LED Driver

## LNE-100W Series / LNE-□V100W□□□

# LNE

### Highlights & Features

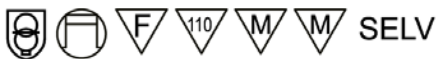
- North American and International AC voltage options
- Up to 93.0% efficiency
- 6kV common mode & 4kV differential mode surge immunity
- Active PFC. Meets IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class C
- Adjustable voltage & current; dimming option available
- IP65 or IP67 assembly for indoor and outdoor applications

### Safety Standards



CB Certified for worldwide use

**Model Number:** LNE-□V100W□□□  
**Unit Weight:** 0.98 kg (2.16 lb)  
**Dimensions (L x W x D):** 220 x 68 x 38.8 mm  
 (8.66 x 2.68 x 1.53 inch)



### General Description

Delta LNE series of LED drivers comes with different combinations of features to suit different application requirements and energy optimization needs. Options include externally adjustable output voltage and current levels, and adjustment of LED brightness via 3-way built-in dimming function. All models in the LNE series come with a full corrosion resistant aluminum casing, major international safety certifications and are compliant with EN55015 immunity/Emissions/Harmonic requirements. The products are designed and rigorously tested to work in various indoor and outdoor LED lighting conditions. High surge immunity (common mode: 6kV, differential mode: 4kV), MTBF > 700,000hrs and compliance to IP65/IP67, all make the Delta LNE series an essential part of an energy efficient LED lighting power solution for both indoor and outdoor applications.

### Model Information

#### LNE LED Driver

Model Number	Input Voltage Range	Rated Output Voltage	Rated Output Current
LNE-12V100W□□□	90-305Vac (LNE-□V100W□A□)	12Vdc	8.00A
LNE-24V100W□□□	90-264Vac (LNE-□V100W□C□)	24Vdc	4.00A
LNE-36V100W□□□		36Vdc	2.65A
LNE-48V100W□□□		48Vdc	2.00A

### Model Numbering

LN	E-	□V	100W	□	□	□
LED Driver	Product Series E – High efficiency and PFC	Output Voltage 12V 24V 36V 48V	Output Power (100W series model)	Package Type A – IP65 with potentiometers to adjust output voltage & constant current level D – IP67 with dimming cable to adjust constant current level	Safety Approval A – UL approval C – ENEC, CE, KC, PSE and CCC approval	Variable A – Delta standard

# LED Driver

## LNE-100W Series / LNE-□V100W□□□

### Specifications

Model Number		LNE-12V100W□	LNE-24V100W□	LNE-36V100W□	LNE-48V100W□
<b>Input Ratings / Characteristics</b>					
Nominal Input Voltage		100-277Vac (LNE-□V100W□A□) 100-240Vac (LNE-□V100W□C□)			
Input Voltage Range*		90-305Vac (LNE-□V100W□A□) 90-264Vac (LNE-□V100W□C□)			
Nominal Input Frequency		50-60Hz			
Input Frequency Range		47-63Hz			
Input Current		1.30A max. @ 115Vac, 0.65A max. @ 230Vac, 0.60A max. @ 277Vac			
Efficiency at 100% Load	115Vac	90.0% typ.	92.0% typ.	91.5% typ.	92.0% typ.
	230Vac	92.0% typ.	93.0% typ.	93.0% typ.	93.0% typ.
	277Vac	92.0% typ.	93.0% typ.	92.5% typ.	93.0% typ.
Max Inrush Current (Cold Start)		65A typ. @ 230Vac			
Power Factor at 100% Load		0.98 typ. @ 115Vac 0.95 typ. @ 230Vac 0.93 typ. @ 277Vac			
Total Harmonic Distortion		< 20% @ 115Vac/60 Hz & 230Vac/50 Hz (≥ 60% load) < 20% @ 277Vac/50 Hz (≥ 75% load)			
Leakage Current		< 0.75mA @ 305Vac (LNE-□V100W□A□) < 0.75mA @ 264Vac (LNE-□V100W□C□)			

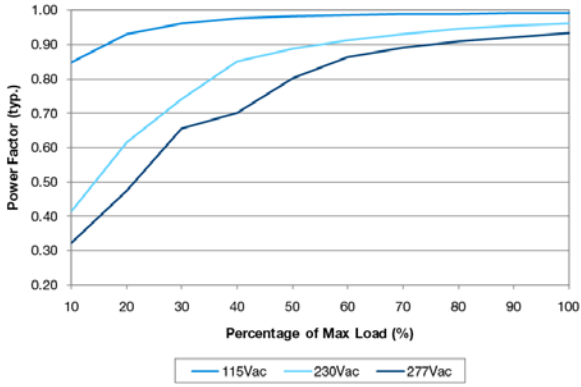
\* Output power is de-rated at low input voltage. Please refer to Fig. 2 on page 10.

# LED Driver

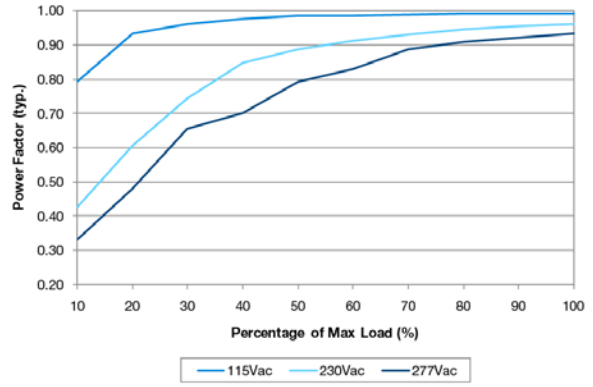
## LNE-100W Series / LNE-□V100W□□□

### Power Factor Vs Output Load

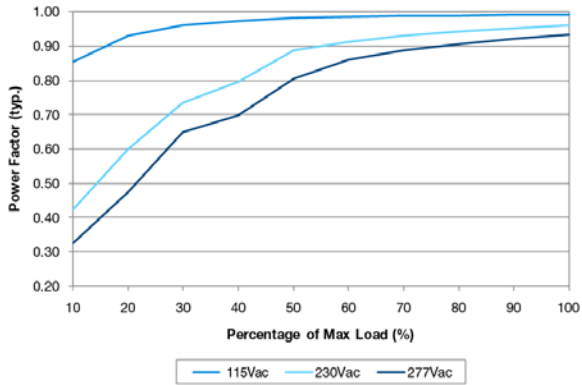
LNE-12V100W□



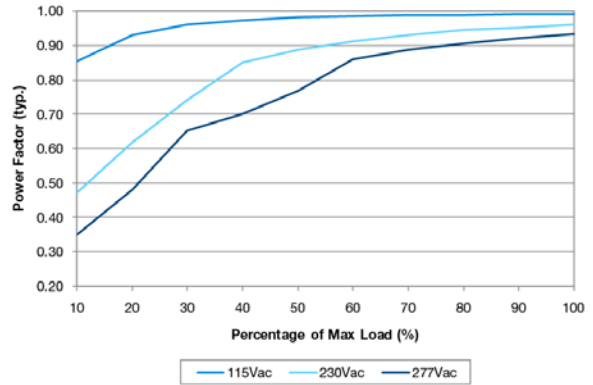
LNE-24V100W□



LNE-36V100W□



LNE-48V100W□

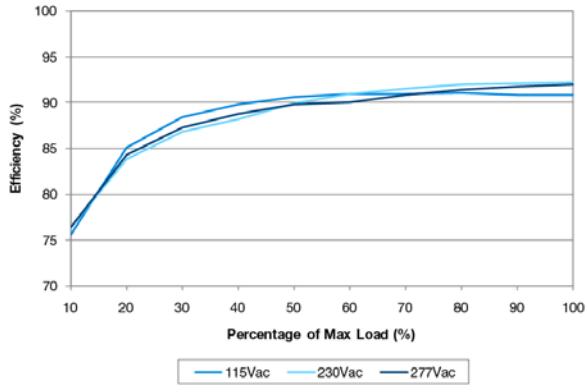


# LED Driver

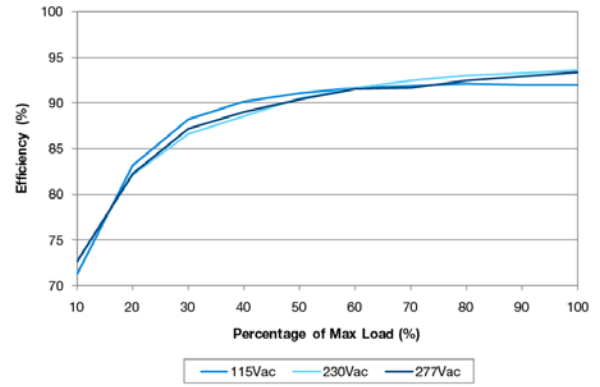
## LNE-100W Series / LNE-□V100W□□□

### Efficiency Vs Output Load at Nominal Output Voltage

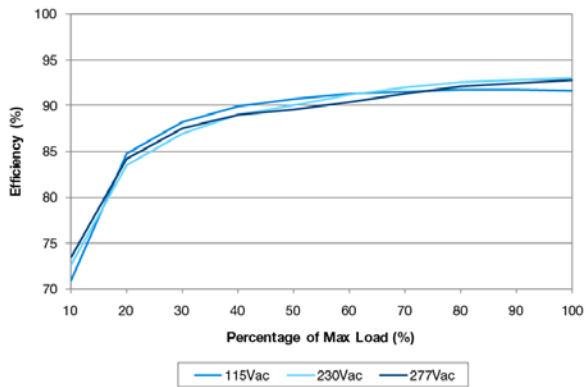
LNE-12V100W□



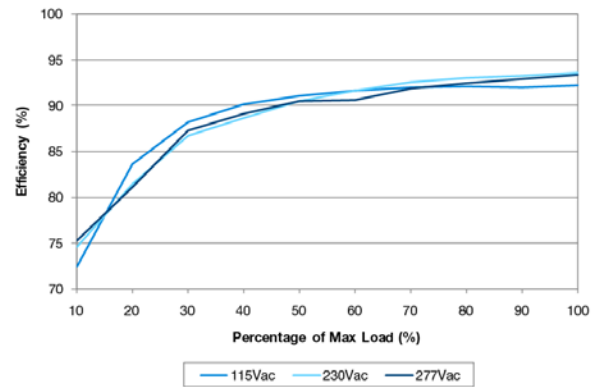
LNE-24V100W□



LNE-36V100W□



LNE-48V100W□



**LED Driver****LNE-100W Series / LNE-□V100W□□□**

Model Number	LNE-12V100W□	LNE-24V100W□	LNE-36V100W□	LNE-48V100W□
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**Output Ratings / Characteristics\***

Nominal Output Voltage	12Vdc	24Vdc	36Vdc	48Vdc
LED System Voltage Range in CC Mode	6-12Vdc	12-24Vdc	18-36Vdc	24-48Vdc
Output Voltage Adjustment Range**	10.8-13.5V	22.0-27.0V	33.0-40.0V	43.0-53.0V
Nominal Output Current	8.0A	4.0A	2.65A	2.0A
Output Current Adjustment Range**	4.0-8.0A	2.0-4.0A	1.325-2.65A	1.0-2.0A
Output Power	96W	96W	95.4W	96W
Line Regulation @ 90-305Vac (LNE-□V100W□A□) @ 90-264Vac (LNE-□V100W□C□)	± 0.5%			
Load Regulation (0-95% load) @ 90-305Vac (LNE-□V100W□A□) @ 90-264Vac (LNE-□V100W□C□)	± 2.0%	± 1.0%	± 0.5%	± 0.5%
PARD*** (20MHz)	< 150mVpp	< 150mVpp	< 200mVpp	< 200mVpp
Rise Time	< 50ms @ 115Vac & 230Vac & 277Vac			
Start-up Time	1200ms typ. @ 115Vac (100% load) 500ms typ. @ 230Vac & 277Vac (100% load)			
Hold-up Time	16ms typ. @ 115Vac & 230Vac & 277Vac (100% load)			
Dynamic Response (Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage)	± 5% @ 0-90% load , @ 115Vac & 230Vac & 277Vac (Slew Rate: 0.1A/μS)			

\* For power de-rating from 60°C to 70°C, see power de-rating at Fig.1 on page 10.

\*\* For LNE-□V100WA□□ package type only.

\*\*\* PARD is measured with an AC coupling mode, and in parallel with 0.1μF ceramic capacitor & 47μF electrolytic capacitor.

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## LNE-100W Series / LNE-□V100W□□□

Model Number	LNE-12V100W□	LNE-24V100W□	LNE-36V100W□	LNE-48V100W□
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### Mechanical

Casing	Aluminium			
Dimensions (L x W x D)	220 x 68 x 38.8 mm (8.66 x 2.68 x 1.53 inch)			
Unit Weight	0.98 kg (2.16 lb)			
Cooling System	Convection			
Wire	Input	VDE	H05RN-F3G1.0mm <sup>2</sup>	Line: Brown, Neutral: Blue, PE: Green/Yellow
		UL	SJTW 18AWGX3C	Line: Brown, Neutral: Blue, PE: Green/Yellow
	Output	VDE	H07RN-F2x1.5mm <sup>2</sup>	Positive: Red, Negative: Black
		UL	SJTW 14AWGX2C	Positive: Red, Negative: Black
	Dimming	VDE	H05RN-F2x1.0mm <sup>2</sup>	Positive: White, Negative: Blue
		UL	SJTW 18AWGX2C	Positive: White, Negative: Blue
Noise (1 Meter from power supply)	Sound Pressure Level (SPL) < 25dbA			

### Environment

Surrounding Air Temperature	Operating	-40°C to +70°C
	Storage	-40°C to +85°C
Power De-rating	> 60°C de-rate power by 4% / °C < 100Vac de-rate power by 2% / Vac	
Operating Humidity	5 to 95% RH (Non-Condensing)	
Operating Altitude	0 to 3,000 Meters (9,840 ft.)	
Shock Test (Non-Operating)	IEC 60068-2-27, Half Sine Wave: 50G for a duration of 11ms, 3 shocks for each 3 directions	
Vibration (Non-Operating)	IEC 60068-2-6, Random: 5Hz to 500Hz (2.09G); 20 min per axis for all X, Y, Z direction	
Pollution Degree	2	
Location Ratings (Included in safety approvals)	Dry rating (LNE-□V100W A□□) Dry, damp ratings (LNE-□V100W D□□)	

### Protections

Overvoltage	13.8-16.8V, Latch Mode	27.6-33.6V, Latch Mode	41.4-50.4V, Latch Mode	55.2-67.2V, Latch Mode
Overload / Overcurrent	95-108%of rated load current, constant current limit Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed			
Over Temperature	Hiccup Mode, Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed			
Short Circuit	Constant current limit , Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed			
Degree of Protection	IP65 (LNE-□V100W A□□) IP67 (LNE-□V100W D□□)			
Protection Against Shock	Class I with PE* connection			

\*PE: Primary Earth

# LED Driver

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Model Number	LNE-12V100W□	LNE-24V100W□	LNE-36V100W□	LNE-48V100W□
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### Reliability Data

MTBF	> 700,000 hrs. per Telcordia SR-332 at Input: 115Vac, Output: 100% load, Ta: 25°C
Expected Cap Life Time	10 years (115Vac & 230Vac, 50% load @ 40°C)

### Safety Standards / Directives

Electrical Safety	<b>LNE-□V100W□C□:</b> CB scheme to IEC 61347-1, IEC 61347-2-13 ENEC to EN 61347-1, EN 61347-2-13, EN 62384 CCC to GB19510.1, GB19510.14 KC to KC61347-1, KC61347-2-13, KC62384 PSE to J61347-1, J61347-2-13 <b>LNE-□V100W□A□:</b> cRUus to UL 8750 and CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1	
CE	In conformance with EMC Directive 2004/108/EC and Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC ( <b>LNE-□V100W□C□</b> )	
Material and Parts	RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU Compliant	
Galvanic Isolation	Input to Output	3.85kVac
	Input to Ground	2.0kVac
	Output to Ground	1.5kVac

### EMC

EMC / Emissions	CISPR 15, EN 55015, GB17743 Compliance to CISPR 22, EN 55022, FCC Title 47: Class B	
Immunity to	EN 61547, Compliance to EN 55024	
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC 61000-4-2	Level 4 Criteria B <sup>2)</sup> Air Discharge: 15kV Contact Discharge: 8kV Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> Air Discharge: 8KV Contact Discharge: 6KV
Radiated Field	IEC 61000-4-3	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 80MHz-1GHz, 10V/M with 1kHz tone / 80% modulation
Electrical Fast Transient / Burst	IEC 61000-4-4	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 2kV
Surge	IEC 61000-4-5	Level 5 Criteria B <sup>2)</sup> Common Mode <sup>3)</sup> : 6kV Differential Mode <sup>4)</sup> : 4kV
Conducted	IEC 61000-4-6	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 150kHz-80MHz, 10Vrms
Power Frequency Magnetic Fields	IEC 61000-4-8	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 10A/Meter
Voltage Dips	IEC 61000-4-11	100% dip, 0.5 cycle, Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 70% dip, 10 cycle, Criteria B <sup>2)</sup> @ 100Vac & Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> @ 230Vac
Harmonic Current Emission	IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class C; GB17625.1 (THD conditions: 115Vac & 230Vac @ ≥ 60% load, 277Vac @ ≥ 75% load)	
Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker	IEC/EN 61000-3-3	

1) Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits

2) Criteria B: Temporary degradation or loss of function which is self-recoverable

3) Asymmetrical: Common mode (Line to earth)

4) Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)



# LED Driver

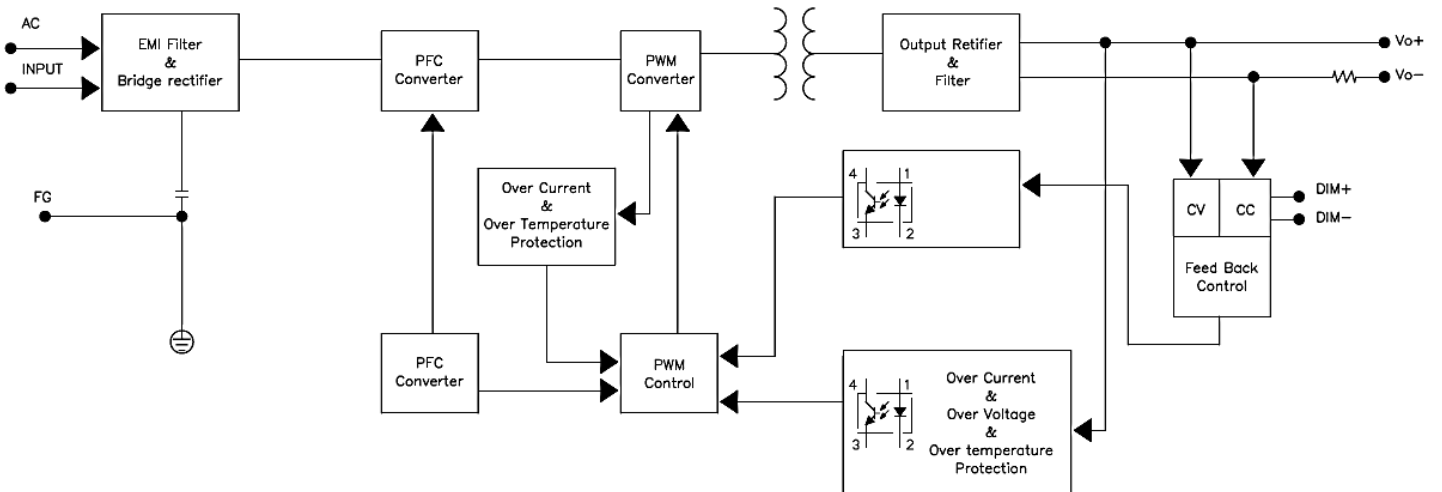
## LNE-100W Series / LNE-□V100W□□□

### Block Diagram

LNE-□V100WA□□



LNE-□V100WD□□





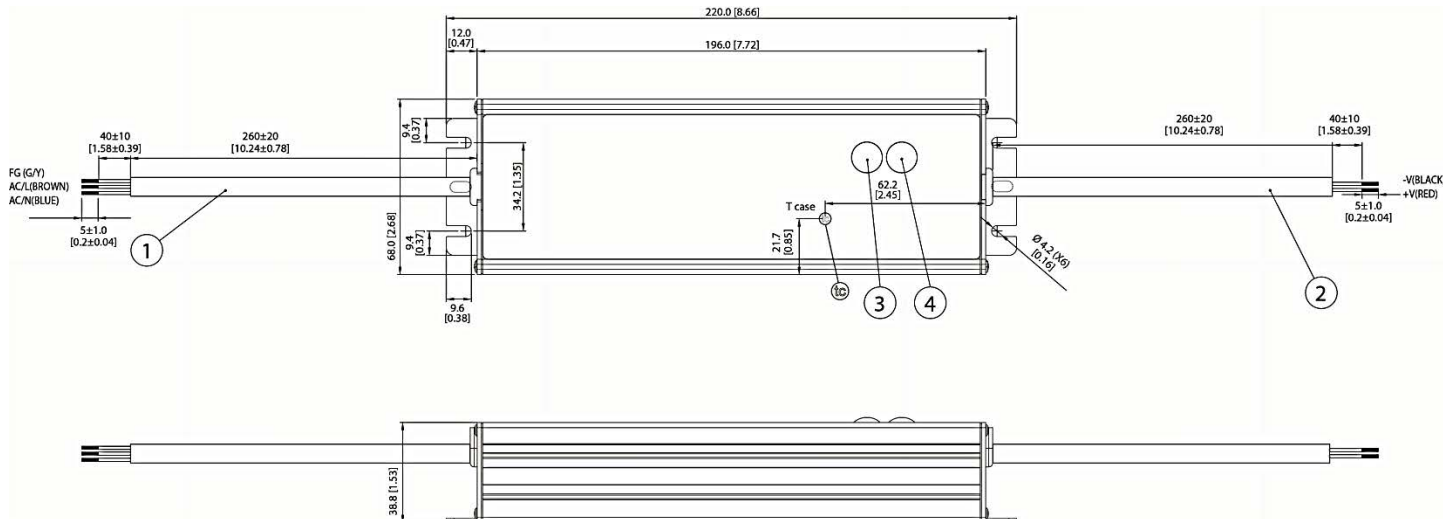
# LED Driver

## LNE-100W Series / LNE-□V100W□□□

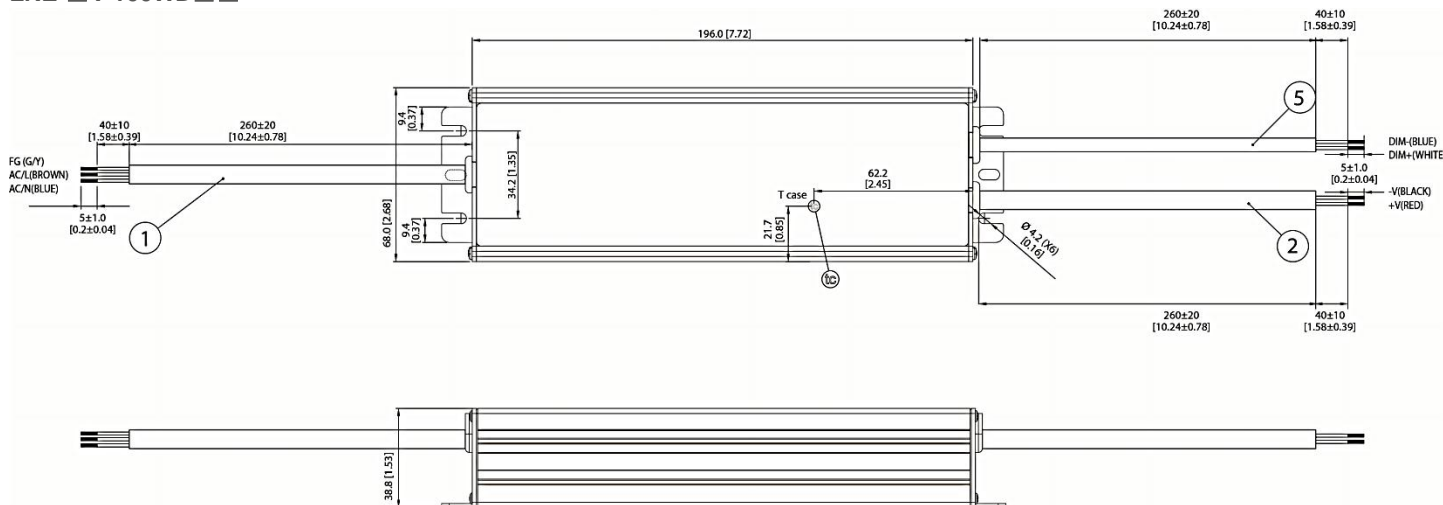
### Dimensions

L x W x D: 220 x 68 x 38.8 mm [8.66 x 2.68 x 1.53 inch]

#### LNE-□V100WA□□



#### LNE-□V 100WD□□



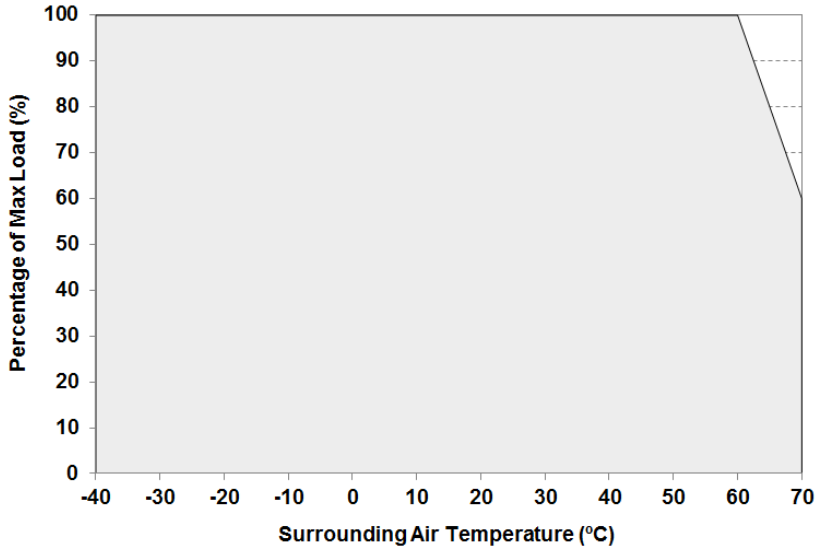
Item	Device Description
1	Input cable
2	Output cable
3	Constant voltage adjustment potentiometer
4	Constant current adjustment potentiometer
5	Dimming Cable
tc	T case (tc): Temperature hot spot location on case. The temperature at this location will not exceed 80°C when used in accordance to conditions in this data sheet.

# LED Driver

LNE-100W Series / LNE-□V100W□□□

## Engineering Data

### Output Load De-rating VS Surrounding Air Temperature

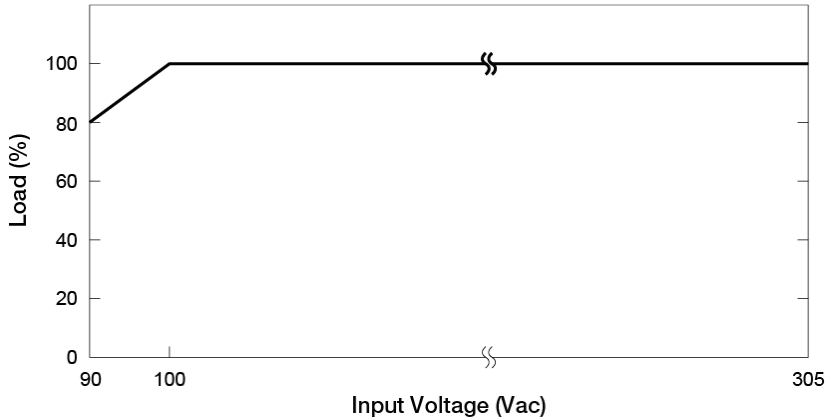


**Fig. 1 De-rating for All Mounting Orientation (All Models)**  
 > 60°C de-rate power by 4% / °C

### Note

1. Power supply components may degrade, or be damaged, when the power supply is continuously used outside the shaded region, refer to the graph shown in Fig. 1.
2. If the output capacity is not reduced when the surrounding air temperature >60°C, the device will run into Over Temperature Protection. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode and will recover when the surrounding air temperature is lowered or the load is reduced as far as necessary to keep the device in working condition.
3. Depending on the surrounding air temperature and output load delivered by the power supply, the device can be very hot!

### Output Load De-rating VS Input Voltage



**Fig. 2 De-rating for Low Input Voltage (All Models)**  
 < 100Vac de-rate power by 2% / Vac

- No output power de-rating for the input voltage from:-  
 100Vac to 305Vac (LNE-□V100W□A□),  
 100Vac to 264Vac (LNE-□V100W□C□)

# LED Driver

## LNE-100W Series / LNE-□V100W□□□

### Assembly & Installation

Mounting holes for LED driver assembly onto the mounting surface.

- Ⓐ, Ⓑ | Mounting holes for the LED driver (device). There are 3 mounting holes at either end of the device (locations Ⓐ and Ⓑ in Fig. 3). The device shall be mounted using a minimum of 2 out of the 3 mounting holes on both sides. Mounting shall be done using M4 screws with minimum length of 5mm. If customer's end system or panel where the device is mounted does not have screw threads, please use suitable metal screw and nut to secure the device.
- Ⓒ | Surface Ⓒ belongs to customer's end product or panel where the device is mounted. The device should be mounted on a sturdy heat conducting surface with minimum of 4 mounting holes, as detailed above.

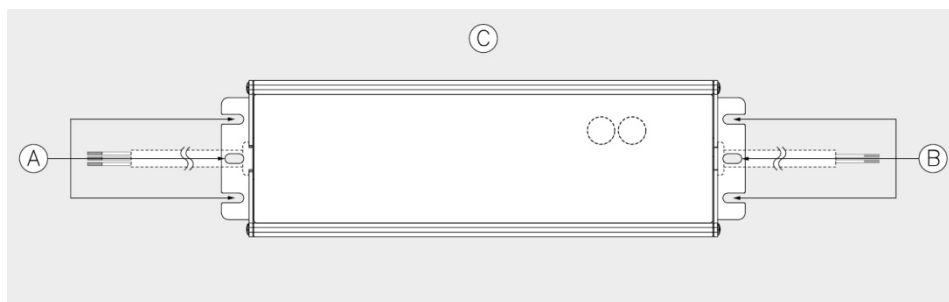


Fig. 3 Mounting Hole Locations

### Safety Instructions

- ALWAYS switch mains of input power OFF before connecting and disconnecting the input voltage to the device. If mains are not turned OFF, there is risk of explosion / severe damage.
- To guarantee sufficient convection cooling, keep a distance of 50mm above and lateral distance to nearby objects.
- The device is not recommended to be placed on low thermal conductive surfaces. For example, plastics.
- DO NOT insert any objects into the device.
- Note that the enclosure of the device can become very hot depending on the surrounding air temperature and output load connected to the device. Risk of burns!
- If the device is continuously operating outside the shaded region shown in Fig. 1. The device may be damaged or degraded.
- When the PE (Green/Yellow) wire of the device is not connected, the device must be installed on a metal plate that has a PE connection.
- The current rating for the all wires, connected to the input and output wires of the device, must be rated higher than or equal to the input and output current of the power supply. Please refer to the product specifications.
- For device with dimming function, always ensure the dimming control is working properly.
- Please ensure the correct tools are used for all adjustments and installations of the device. If in doubt, please consult your local Delta support or contact us via [info@DeltaPSU.com](mailto:info@DeltaPSU.com).

# LED Driver

## LNE-100W Series / LNE-□V100W□□□

### Functions

#### Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage to reach 90% of its final steady state set value, after the input voltage is applied.

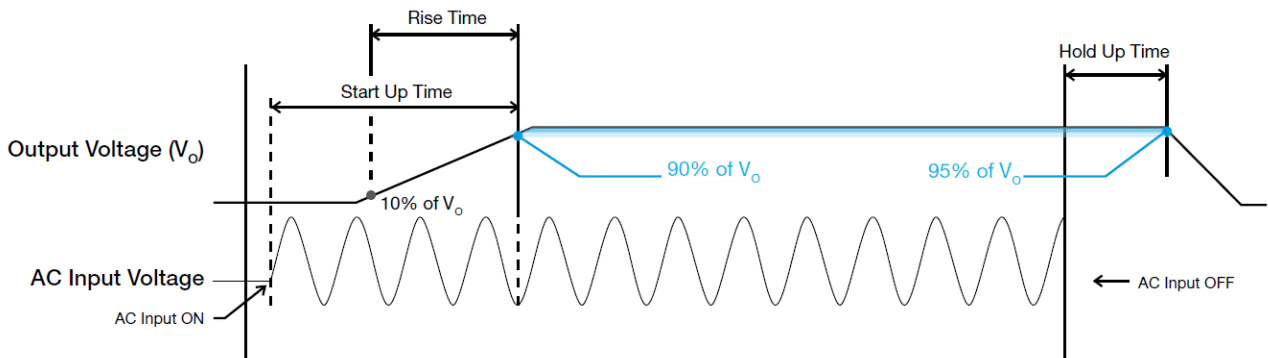
#### Rise Time

The time required for the output voltage to change from 10% to 90% of its final steady state set value.

#### Hold-up Time

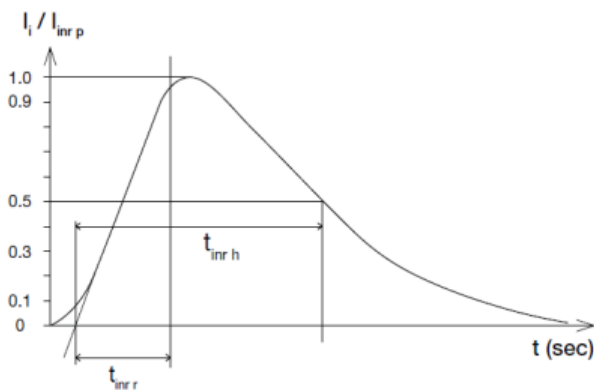
Time between the collapse of the AC input voltage, and the output falling to 95% of its steady state set value.

### ■ Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time



#### Inrush Current

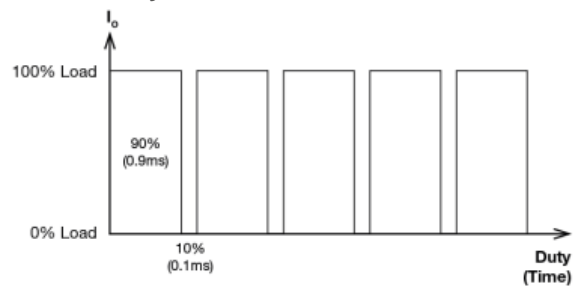
Inrush current is the peak, instantaneous, input current measured and, occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



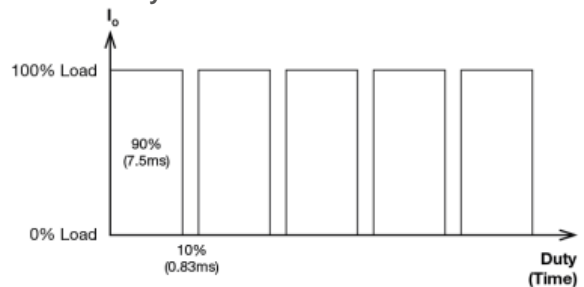
#### Dynamic Response (For CV Operation Only)

The power supply output voltage will remain within  $\pm 5\%$  of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load from 0 to 100% of its rated current.

#### ■ 90% Duty / 1 KHz



#### ■ 90% Duty / 120 Hz

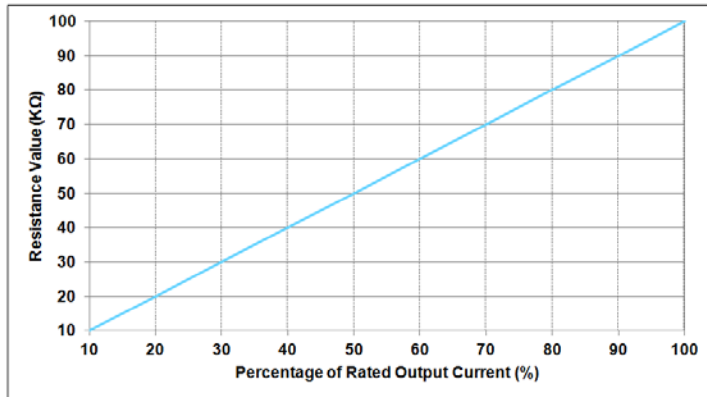




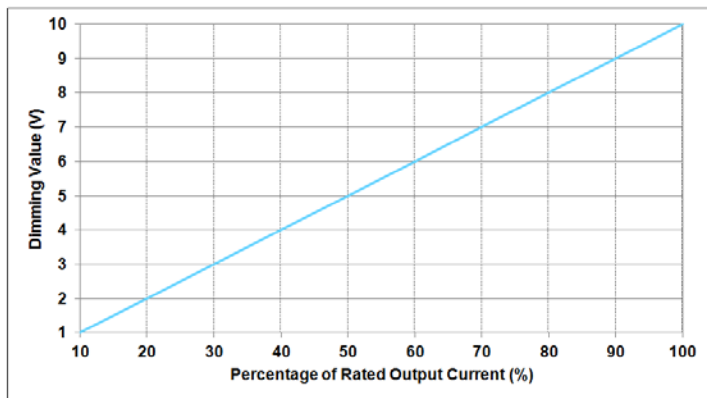
# LED Driver

## LNE-100W Series / LNE-□V100W□□□

3. Please DO NOT connect "DIM-" to "V-".
4. Reference resistance value for output current adjustment (Typical).



5. 1 ~ 10V dimming function for output current adjustment (Typical).



6. 10V PWM signal for output current adjustment is also possible. For additional information, please contact your Delta sales representative.
7. Please note that LNE-□V100WD□□ can't turn the lighting fixture completely off (totally dark) by using any of these dimming adjustment methods. To completely turn off the lighting fixture, the input AC voltage must be removed. See illustration on previous page.

### External Input Protection Device

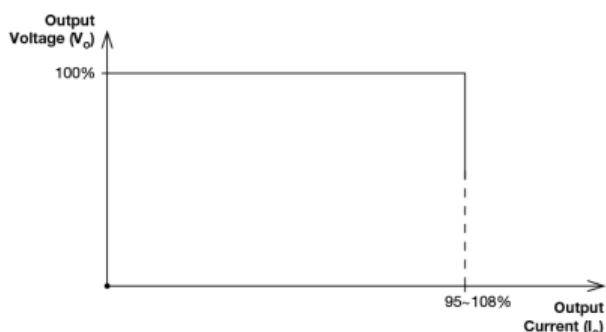
The unit is protected at the L pin, with an internal fuse that cannot be replaced. The power supply has been tested and approved on 20A branch circuits without additional protection device. An external protection device is only required if the supplying branch has an ampacity greater than above. Thus, if an external protective device is necessary, a 20 Ampere C-characteristic circuit breaker can be utilized.

# LED Driver

## LNE-100W Series / LNE-□V100W□□□

### Overload & Overcurrent Protections (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's Overload (OLP) and Overcurrent (OCP) Protections will be activated when output current is between 95% and 108% of  $I_O$  (Max load). Upon such an occurrence, the  $V_O$  (output voltage) will start to droop. Once the power supply has reached its maximum power limit, the protection will be activated; and, the power supply will operate in "CC mode". The power supply will recover once the fault condition once the cause of OLP or OCP is removed, and  $I_O$  is back within the specified range.



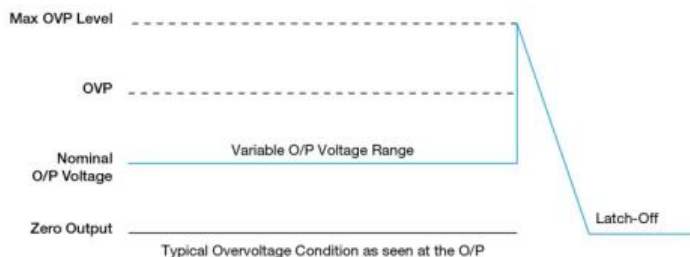
### Short Circuit Protection (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's output OLP/OCP function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the power supply will operate in "CC mode", as shown in the illustration in the OLP/OCP section on this page. The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.

### Overvoltage Protection (Latch Mode)

The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The output voltage shall not exceed its specifications defined on Page 6 under "Protections". Power supply will latch off, and require removal/re-application of input AC voltage in order to restart.

The power supply should be latch.



### Over Temperature Protection (Auto-Recovery)

As mentioned above, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). In the event of a higher operating temperature at 100% load, the power supply will run into OTP when the operating temperature is beyond what is recommended in the de-rating graph. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode until the temperature drops to its normal operating temperature as recommended in the de-rating graph.

## Others

### Delta RoHS Compliant



#### Restriction of the usage of hazardous substances

The European directive 2011/65/EU limits the maximum impurity level of homogeneous materials such as lead, mercury, cadmium, chrome, polybrominated flame retardants PBB and PBDE for the use in electrical and electronic equipment. RoHS is the abbreviation for "Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment".

This product conforms to this standard.

### PFC – Norm EN 61000-3-2

#### Line Current Harmonic content



Typically, the input current waveform is not sinusoidal due to the periodical peak charging of the input capacitor. In industrial environment, complying with EN 61000-3-2 is only necessary under special conditions. Complying to this standard can have some technical drawbacks, such as lower efficiency as well as some commercial aspects such as higher purchasing costs. Frequently, the user does not profit from fulfilling this standard, therefore, it is important to know whether it is mandatory to meet this standard for a specific application.